Emery County





Updated July 2008

Population					
As of July 1st	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Population	10,477	10,493	10,491	10,438	10,461
% Change of the Prior Year	-0.6%	0.2%	0.0%	-0.5%	0.2%

City Population

Source: Utah Population Estimates Committee.

As of July 1st	2007
Castle Dale	1,569
Clawson	168
Cleveland	494
Elmo	362
Emery	293
Ferron	1,527
Green River	921
Huntington	2,004
Orangeville	1,303
Souce: U.S. Census Bure	au.

http://www.census.gov/popest/cities

Employed Unemployed Rate **Nonfarm Jobs** %Chng Prior Year

Labor Force

Labor Force 4,910 5,117 5,089 5,251 5,424 4,508 4,768 4,828 5,068 5,242 402 349 261 182 182 8.2% 6.8% 5.1% 3.5% 3.4% 3,498 3,739 3,801 3,937 3,908 1.5% 6.9% 1.7% 3.6% -0.7% **Mining** 648 701 826 853 788 337 314 266 338 365 **Construction** 29 35 22 17 19 Manufacturing Trade/Trans/Utilities 902 1,009 1,048 1,044 992 Information 154 152 139 132 138 Financial Activities 55 60 56 58 59 Profess/Business Svcs 90 87 83 141 181 Ed/Health/Social Svcs 87 65 58 58 67 Leisure/Hospitality 169 281 284 278 270 155 Other Services 165 152 157 164 858 890 865 Government 860 862 **Total Establishments** 255 271 273 273 263 **Total Wages (\$Millions)** 118.8 129.3 140.8 156.0 155.1

http://governor.utah.gov/dea/datatables.html

2003

2004

2005

2006

2007

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services, Workforce Information. http://jobs.utah.gov/jsp/wi/utalmis/gotoLaborforce.do http://jobs.utah.gov/jsp/wi/utalmis/gotoIndustry.do

The mainstays of Emery County's economy are mining, transportation, communications, utilities, and government. In agriculture, livestock ranching remains important as well. An emerging part of Emery County's economy is recreation and tourism.

p = preliminary

r=revised

Emery County

2007 in Review

Emery County's economy struggled to find traction in 2007. A slowdown in coal mining activity spawned by the Crandall Canyon Mine disaster pushed employment in the county down 0.7 percent in the year. On the flip side, population ticked up slightly and unemployment fell slightly. The county's economy remains intimately tied to its mining and utilities industries, which leave it susceptible to swoons such as it faced in 2007.

People and Housing

One of the important social indicators for a rural county, like Emery County, is that of population. The number of people living in the county increased 0.2 percent from 2006, or a gain of 23 people.

Unfortunately, 2007 also marked the eleventh straight year of net out-migration from the county, with a net of 86 individuals leaving in the year. While this trend is not unusual for a rural area it is painful nonetheless. A small population simply doesn't have the economic mass to independently shape much of its environment.

An important economic measure closely associated with people is housing. In 2007, the number of new permits for homes—dwelling units, in housing lingo—was down slightly from the previous year (from 43 in 2006 to 40 in 2007). Even though the number of housing permits declined, the value of those permits rose sharply over the year. This suggests that either new home prices are increasing, or the mix of homes being built is changing.

The Labor Market

After several years of relatively stable job growth, Emery County suffered a subtle

setback in 2007. Employment in the county declined by 0.7 percent—a loss of 29 jobs—compared with the previous year. This decline in employment made Emery County the second worst performing labor market in the state for 2007.

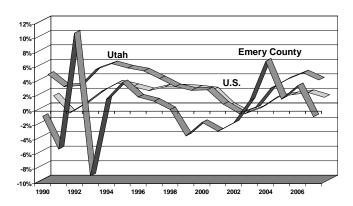
The main reason for the county's decline in employment in 2007 was a sharp falloff in coal mining activity. Mining (-65) and trade, transportation, and utilities (-53) are the two major drivers of the county's economy and they both slumped in 2007. Even solid gains in professional and business services (+39) and construction (+27) weren't able to improve the county's job situation.

Even with job losses, the county posted a slightly lower unemployment rate in 2007 than in 2006. At 3.4 percent in 2007, unemployment remains at the lowest levels seen in decades. Nevertheless, the county had the seventh highest unemployment rate in the state in 2007.

A Word on Wages

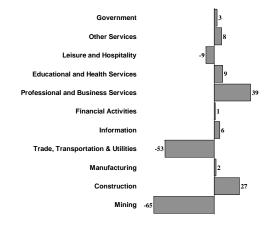
Another important indicator of Emery County's economic health is the performance of the county's average monthly wage. Real-inflation adjustedaverage monthly wages in the county fell 2.5 percent in 2007. This is largely in-line with the long-term trend, which shows that the county's real wages have remained largely stagnant. Compared with 1997, real wages in the county have actually decreased 1.8 percent. Any movements in the county's wages appear to reflect the fortunes of the county's dominate mining industry. Certainly this lack of improvement in the real buying power of local residents is disconcerting.

Emery County Nonfarm Jobs



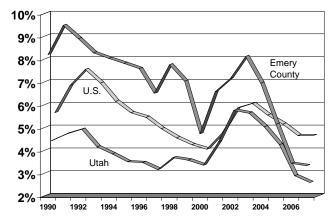
Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services.

2007 Emery County Numeric Change in Jobs by Industry



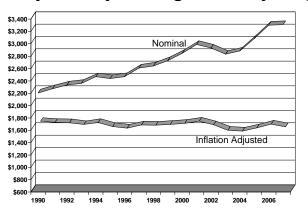
Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services.

Annual Unemployment Rates



Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services.

Emery County Average Monthly Wage



Note: Inflation adjusted wages reflect the rate of inflation as measured by the Consumer Price Index, 1982-84=100 Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services.

Income and Wages

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Total Personal Income (\$Millions)	208.0	219.3	233.7	253.1	265.3
Per Capita Income	19,774	21,101	22,555	24,559	25,361
Avg Household Income from IRS Returns	40,656	41,781	46,461	77,336	n.a.
Average Monthly Nonfarm Wage	2,831	2,883	3,084	3,302	3,307

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Utah State Tax Commission, Utah Department of Workforce Services.

http://www.bea.gov/bea/regional/reis/ http://tax.utah.gov/esu/income/ http://jobs.utah.gov/jsp/wi/utalmis/gotoIndustry.do

Sales and Building

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Gross Taxable Sales (\$000s)	104,310	128,438	138,623	182,236	167,446
Permit Authorized Construction (\$000)	4,832	6,153	9,352	13,544	11,806
New Residential Building Permits	36	28	29	43	40
Residential Build Permits Value (\$000)	2,769	2,854	3,666	5,268	6,147

Source: Utah Tax Commission and University of Utah Bureau of Economic and Business Research.

http://tax.utah.gov/esu/income http://www.business.utah/edu/bebr/

Demographics

	0000	
	2000	
Under 18	35.4%	
65 years and over	10.1%	
Median Age	30.1	
Persons per Household	3.10	
Persons per Family	3.53	
Female-Headed Families	7.2%	
High School Graduates	84.2%	
College Graduates	11.6%	
Labor Force		
Female Participation	50.9%	
Male Participation	71.8%	
Self-Employed	7.3%	
Commute Time (minutes)	21	
Median Family Income	\$44,086	
Median Earnings		
Male, full-time, year-rnd	\$39,059	
Female, full-time, yr-rnd	\$18,929	
Persons Below Poverty	11.5%	
Source: U.S. Census Bureau http://www.census.gov/acs/www/		

Emery County School District

Energy West

Nielson Construction

Pacificorp

Consolidational Coal

CW Mining

Emery County

Billings Distribution

Emery County Nursing Home

Genwal Resources

Power Source Services

State of Utah

Ashworth Transfer

Carbon Emery Telcom

City of Green River

Emery Telcom

Emery Telecommunications Video

Source: Utah Dept. of Workforce Services. http://jobs.utah.gov/jsp/wi/utalimis/gotoCounties.do

Largest Employers

Other		
Population by Race	2000	
White	95.6%	
Black	0.2%	
American Indian	0.7%	
Asian	0.3%	
Pacific Islanders	0.1%	
Other	3.1%	
Hispanic/All Races 5		
Source: U.S. Census Bureau		
http://www.census.gov/acs/www/		

For More Information . . .



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